



The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

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No. 16,072.

號七十一百四十一萬九千一第

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1914.

庚申年九月廿三日

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of Lords and House of Com-
mons.

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SIDELIGHTS ON THE GREAT WAR.

The Russian Orange-Book

The Russian Orange-Book brings into stronger relief than ever the determination with which England sought to keep the peace. Russia made her position clear from the first. On July 25 she announced that the Austro-Serbian conflict could not leave her indifferent. From July 26 onwards M. Sazonov and Count Szapary were engaged in friendly conversations, which held out very strong hopes of a satisfactory settlement. The Russian Minister pointed out that some of the demands on Serbia could not be executed without legislation, and suggested that Count Szapary should be authorized to "exchange views" with him, in order that they might find a formula which would be acceptable to Serbia, while affording Austria satisfaction as to the substance of her claims. On July 27 M. Sazonov was hopeful of the result of his direct negotiations with Austria, but expressed his readiness, if they failed, to accept the English proposal, "or any other of a kind to which the conflict favourably." But on the same day the German Ambassador in Paris "insisted strongly on the exclusion of all possibility of mediation or of a Conference." Still on the same day July 27 M. Sazonov proposed to Herr von Jagow that all the Powers should convene at Vienna "to obtain from any act which might aggravate the actual situation." Herr von Jagow categorically refused. On July 28 Sir Edward Grey was insisting that Germany should indicate the form in which she thought mediation should be exercised. She had already given her consent to it in "principle" but made difficulties about its application. Two days later M. Sazonov dictated to the German Ambassador in Petrograd the conditions on which Russia would suspend her military preparations. They were at once declared unacceptable at Berlin. They were softened next day on Sir Edward's suggestion. The Powers were to examine what satisfaction Serbia could give her great neighbour "without infringing upon her rights as a sovereign State and upon her independence." We know from our own White Book that Austria-Hungary was ready to undertake not to interfere upon either. On July 31 M. Sazonov was thanking Sir Edward for his friendly and firm language to Germany, "thanks to which the hope of finding a peaceful issue to the situation is not yet lost." At midnight the same day Germany presented her ultimatum.

Respecting the diplomacy which preceded the outbreak, Lord Cromer points out that the historian will have to relate that our principal mistake was that we indulged in unduly optimistic views of the future, and therefore failed to prepare adequately for a struggle which, even if the historic "terms of Europe" had not been torn to shreds by the German Foreign Office, was sooner or later inevitable. On the other hand, it may safely be predicted that posterity will be amazed at the singular ineptitude of German policy and diplomacy. The Germans have been wrong on every single point of importance: wrong as to the probable action of Russia, England, Belgium, and Japan; wrong as to the value which they apparently attached to the Indian alliance; wrong as to the feeling likely to be evoked in America and in other neutral countries; wrong as to the Irish situation; wrong in respect to the relations existing between Great Britain and her self-governing Colonies; wrong as to the sentiments of the people both of South Africa and of India; wrong as to the effect of a declaration of war in Egypt and other Moslem countries; and wrong as to the opposition likely to be encountered throughout the civilized world by the inauguration of a policy of reaction.—London and China Express.

GERMANY'S INTENSE HATRED OF THE BRITISH.

A telegram received at Rome from Berlin states that Dr. Solf (the German Colonial Secretary), speaking to an interviewer recently, denounced the fate of Germany's colonial possessions, especially Samoa, which he describes as the Pearl of the Pacific, and he deplored the fact of its passing into the hands of the "vile invaders." Fortunately, however, he said, the fate of the colonies would not be decided in Africa and the Pacific, but on the European battlefields, where he hoped a decisive victory awaited the German.

"The British," he added, "are our worst enemies, and our task with regard to them is harder than any German might imagine. Germany does not fear England on land, but at sea she must face the most powerful fleet in the world, with the addition of the Japanese fleet. Our greatest expectation is merely to damage the enemy, there, although Nelson won at Trafalgar over greatly superior forces. We must fight Schlieffen's distant method of damaging our enemies and industries. We must fight to the end in the military and economic domain, and impose security for at least a century against our continental enemy. We fight for victory against England and for peace. Our booty must be proportionate to the enormous sacrifices our people are enduring."

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Week days at 6 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf
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The Company's Steamship "HEUNGSHAN,"
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N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 A.M., and from Hong Kong at 12.30 P.M., from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

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To be held in the Compound of the
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from 9 P.M. to 11.30 P.M.

UNDER the Distinguished Patronage
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MAY.

ADMISSION TICKET \$1
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Tea, Cakes, and Refreshments will be
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By the courtesy of the Philharmonic
Society their Orchestra will be in
attendance from 9 to 11.30 P.M.
Tickets can be obtained at the ROMAN
CATHOLIC CATHEDRAL COMPTON on SUN-
DAY, 8th November, from 9 A.M. to 7 P.M.,
and at the Gate on the night of the Fete.
The various stalls will be opened for
inspection by the public from 3 to 8 P.M.
on the 8th Nov.
Hongkong, Nov. 5, 1914. 4168

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CHARGES—

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"Special terms 33% reduction for Vol. 11113333
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Hongkong, April 1, 1914

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Give immediate relief and a speedy cure. Invaluable for Cold in the head, Influenza and Neuralgia.

POWELL'S
LADIES' COATSSIMILAR TO
ILLUSTRATION \$23 50

THE DIARY.

MEMO. FOR TO-DAY.

9.15 p.m.—"The Blue Bird" at the Theatre Royal.

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.

8 a.m.—Excursion to Macau.
9 p.m.—11 Freewill Fete at Roman Catholic Cathedral.

MEMO. FOR MONDAY.

Bank Holiday.
10.30 a.m.—All day match between H.K.C.C. and K.C.C. on H.K.C.C. ground.

General Memoranda.

TUESDAY, Nov. 10.—
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Drawn Thread Work at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.
9.15 p.m.—"The Blue Bird" at the Theatre Royal.

WEDNESDAY, November 11.—
King of Italy's birthday (1859).
3 p.m.—Auction of Leasehold Property at Mr. Gen. P. Lippert's.

THURSDAY, November 12.—
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

FRIDAY, November 13.—
9.15 a.m.—"The Blue Bird" at the Theatre Royal.

SATURDAY, November 21.—
Norm.—Extraordinary Meeting of the Hongkong Jockey Club.

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Established July 22, 1914.

and Elder Statesmen and on August 16 sent an "advice" or ultimatum to Germany.

All the leading Japanese journals emphasised Japan's obligation to the Alliance and recalled the moral support which England extended to Japan during the war against Russia. The *Jiji*, however, published the history of Japanese-German relations during the past twenty years, a summary of which was to the effect that the German "advice" admonishing Japan for taking the Liaotung Peninsula from China, was of a peremptory nature—far more so than those of Russia and France. On April 23, 1897, the German Minister presented himself at the Foreign Office and in a most overbearing manner handed to the Foreign Minister the a piece of paper telling the Japanese to quit the peninsula for the sake of the peace of the Far East. In the original note it was even stated that Japan, a weak nation, could not afford to reject the advice and take the risk of entering into an armed conflict with such powerful nations as Germany and Russia. Upon the protest of the Foreign Department this part was struck out.

"In the wake of Japan's forced evacuation of Liaotung," says the *Jiji*, Germany and Russia entered into a secret understanding in virtue of which Germany occupied Kiaochow and Russia Liaotung, the self-same territory from which Japan was ousted only a short while before.

"Since that time the Kaiser has been encouraging the *Chin* to concentrate attention upon the Far East, so that Germany could be comparatively free from Russian aggression in Europe. The result was the mastering of Manchuria by Russian troops in increasing numbers.

"When the Boxer disturbance broke out in China, Japan proposed to the Powers that she be permitted to rush troops to China to rescue the beleaguered foreigners in Peking. Again the Kaiser interfered and said that unless he was convinced that the Japanese would not interfere with the interests of other Powers, he could not consent to Japan's proposal.

"During the Russo-Japanese War Germany's attitude toward Russia was a virtual violation of neutrality, and Japan had to protest against Germany offering secret assistance to Russia.

"What almost horrified the Japanese military authorities was that a German officer who was, by special courtesy of the Japanese Government, permitted to accompany the Army to the front, was found secretly sending war reports to the German Government without first submitting them to the censor.

All these experiences seem to have led the Japanese to the conclusion that Germany was a dangerous element in the Far East. Immediately after England entered into the arena in Europe, a number of British merchant vessels in the Far East were either chased or captured by German cruisers, while a vessel of the Russian Volunteer Fleet was captured by a German warship within Japanese jurisdiction. All these incidents were interpreted by Japan and England as a menace to the general peace of the Far East and to the "special interests" of England and Japan in this region, thus affording Japan the occasion for sending an ultimatum to Germany. And, of course, the Japanese had not forgotten the Kaiser's historic picture of the "Yellow Peril" in which an Oriental people, presumably the Japanese, was painted as tramping across the Asian continent and invading the Christendom of Europe.

The Japanese Government, in taking up the attitude they adopted towards Germany, proved themselves an honourable Ally, and one that, in the hour of stress, did not look upon their obligation as one relating merely to "a scrap of paper."

"At this conference Baron Kato replied to the British Ambassador that the question before him was of too serious a nature for him to give an immediate answer. Consequently, on the day following, Baron Kato conferred with Count Okuma, the Premier, and all the members of the Cabinet. On the evening of the same day Baron Kato had another conference with the British Ambassador and assured him that Japan was ready to take up arms at any moment Great Britain called upon her for aid.

"Up to this time Japan did not expect to be called upon to join England very soon, but on the evening of August 7, the British Ambassador suddenly requested an interview with Baron Kato. It is understood that at this conference the British Ambassador told the Foreign Minister that a certain new factor was injected into the situation obliging England to ask for immediate assistance of Japan. On the same evening Count Okuma called a meeting of Cabinet members

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Monday is a general holiday.

The latest list of Princes of Wales Fund Subscriptions appears on page 3.

The average amount of bank notes in circulation during October was \$29,963,703, and of specie in reserve \$24,100,000.

We would remind Mr. riders of the "Al Fresco Fete" which takes place to-morrow in the compound of the Roman Catholic Cathedral.

Mr. J. M. Xavier of 7, Pungalis Buildings, has reported to the Police that last night some person entered his bedroom and stole a suit of clothing containing two white shirts and \$20. The trousers are valued at \$25 and the socks at \$10.

The Secretary of the C. M. S. South China Mission here to acknowledge with thanks the receipt of \$5 received anonymously through the Bishop of Victoria, for the C. M. S. Hospital at Pakhoi.

Turkish R. Diaz, who was rewarded by the Government and commercial community of the colony for the gallantry he displayed in the practical attack on the Tai O, on which he was employed as guard, committed suicide on one of the West River boats a few days ago.

A London paper commenting on the appointment of Sir Matthew Nathan, G.C.M.G., as Permanent Under-Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, remarks: "Sir Matthew, who is fifty-two, is the embodiment of the methodical official, a great worker, and a model chief of the staff. He has left his mark in every office he has undertaken."

A Chinese, who was banished in 1913 for five years after a conviction for larceny, declared through his solicitor, Mr. Dixon, when charged with returning from banishment, that he was passing through the Colony on his way from Canton to Szeow. He had come to Hongkong to look for a boat. Mr. Dixon said the man was arrested on the day he arrived in the Colony.

Mr. Melbourne advised Mr. Dixon to write in and explain the facts to the Captain Superintendent of Police who might re-open the case. He sentenced defendant to three months' imprisonment.

A Marine Court this morning Inspector Gordon prosecuted a junk woman for having a secret compartment in her junk. The officer said the compartment was discovered on a search being made by the watchman at the Green Island Cement Company, who went on board to see if a junk, shipped from a Japanese collier, had been properly cleared. Yesterday the woman was charged by Mr. Wood on a charge of stealing one ton of coal, which was concealed in the compartment.

This morning defendant was fined \$50 for not disclosing the secret compartment.

PRINCE OF WALES FUNDS.

FROM CANTON AND WUCHOW.

His Majesty's Consul-General at Canton has forwarded to the Prince of Wales Relief Fund a sum of \$250.19 representing the subscriptions of British residents in Canton and Wuchow for the month of October. It also includes \$272.20, the proceeds of a cinematographic performance given in aid of the fund by the Cosmopolitan Amusement Co. in the Canton Club theatre on October 29.

H.B.M. Consulate-General, Canton, November 6, 1914.

THE PORT OF LONDON.

Precautionary Measures.

The following notice has been issued by the Admiralty:

"All traffic into and out of the River Thames must pass through the Edinburgh Channel or through the Black Deep South of the Knock John and Knob lightships, and through the Ooze Deep until further notice. No vessels are to remain under way in the above mentioned Channels inside the sunk Head lightship or within a line joining the South Long Sand and East Shingles. Buoy between the hours of 7 p.m. and 6 a.m. Vessels at anchor within these limits must not exhibit any lights between the hours of 7 p.m. and 6 a.m. All other Channels are closed to navigation.—Government Gazette."

OCTOBER WEATHER.

The monthly report of the Director of the Royal Observatory, Mr. T. F. Clayton, shows that the rainfall during October was 14.4 inches, the temperature was 65.4 degrees, and the potential evaporation 10.67 inches. The rainfall was 10.67 inches, the temperature was 65.4 degrees, and the potential evaporation 10.67 inches. The rainfall was 10.67 inches, the temperature was 65.4 degrees, and the potential evaporation 10.67 inches.

INDIAN LADY'S DRESSES.

CLAIM FOR SILK.

In the Summary Court this morning before Mr. Justice Handland, J. B. Patel, Dastgir Street, sued Thoonsoo, of Dastgir Street, for \$25 for one roll of silk supplied. There was a counterclaim for \$35.

Mr. Leo D'Almeida, a Casteo representative, and Mr. C. A. S. Russ appeared for defendant.

Plaintiff's evidence was taken at a previous hearing.

Defendant, a draper, said the silk was presented by plaintiff to his wife as a gift. He had plenty in the shop and there was no necessity for his wife to buy any. His wife paid her own debts and he supplied her from the shop with everything she wanted. At the time the silk came into her possession his wife had more than fifty dresses. Regarding the counterclaim defendant said plaintiff went into a house which he wanted and agreed to take over the fittings.

His Lordship said that the plaintiff said there was only one price of silk in the house.

Mr. D'Almeida (to defendant) you have a very expensive wife, have you not?—No. It is the Indian custom to cancel dresses often.

Defendant repeated under cross examination that he had never lost his silk from plaintiff.

Mr. D'Almeida: I put it to you that this counterclaim is brought on account of spite because he brought this claim against you?—No that is not true.

His Lordship pointed out that defendant had admitted his wife had more than fifty dresses. He said that the defendant's wife, through his wife, and that defendant paid for it.

His Lordship allowed an adjournment for half an hour for plaintiff to produce his books.

His Lordship eventually gave judgment for plaintiff on the claim and counterclaim.

THE COLONIAL GAZETTE.

The "Hongkong Government Gazette" announces the following appointments by His Excellency the Governor: 2nd Lieutenant A. E. Wright and G. Norrington to be Lieutenants in the Hongkong Volunteer Corps, and Mr. J. D. Danby to be a temporary Lieutenant, with effect from the 2nd November, 1914.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to recognise, provisionally and pending the receipt of instructions from His Majesty's Government, Mr. S. Steekmet as Vice Consul for Norway in Hongkong.

His Excellency the Governor has also been pleased to recognise Mr. S. Steekmet as being in charge of the Royal Danish Consulate in Hongkong.

PASTOR MULLER'S APPOINTMENT.

Cryptic Government Notification.

A Government Gazette notification, published for general information, announces that the due notice of the appointment of 1000 of Pastor Muller as the Minister in Hongkong of the Berlin Ladies' Mission for China and proof thereof has been placed in the hands of H.E. the Governor.

JUNK WITH A SECRET COMPARTMENT.

Before Mr. Wood at the Police Court yesterday afternoon, a Chinese woman named Ho Luk, was charged with stealing, on Oct. 30, a ton of coal, the property of the Green Island Cement Company, Kowloon, and valued at \$10.

Mr. Dixon defended.

Inspector Gordon prosecuting said the defendant's junk No. 1941 was employed by the Green Island Cement Company to carry coal from a Japanese steamer to the Company's wharf. The coal was weighed from the steamer into the junk but was not weighed when discharged at the wharf. A lighter was tied and the watchman went on board the junk to see that it was all cleared out. The main hold was cleared but on searching the junk he discovered a secret compartment containing coal.

The Inspector said that he could not prove that the defendant was on board all the crew had absconded.

Mr. Dixon said the defence was the woman was not on the junk at all. The night before she spent with some friends on a junk at Wanchai and he had numerous witnesses to prove that. She knew that all the folk in a way and no doubt they put her on there.

Mr. Wood observed that it was no use going on with care.

Inspector Gordon agreed. He added that he would proceed in the Marine Court against the woman for having a secret compartment on the junk.

Defendant was discharged.

THE AU TAU MURDER CHARGE.

Before Mr. Wood yesterday afternoon the charge against Tong Kwong Po of murdering his younger brother at Au Tau, in the New Territory, was resumed.

Dr. Smalley, in his evidence, said that the deceased died from a ruptured spleen caused by blows inflicted by a bamboo.

Defendant pleaded for a "fair trial." He said his brother by mistake. He would undertake to support his brother's wife and children and would make sacrifices for his brother. His brother had been to jail several times and was not a good man.

The Magistrate committed prisoner for trial.

WHY IT SELLS.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Cough Remedy is the longest selling cough medicine in the world to-day, because it does exactly what a cough remedy is supposed to do. It stops the cough by curing the cold, and does it speedily and effectively. For sale by all Chemists and Stockkeepers.

SCOTTISH LETTER.

(From Our Scottish Correspondent.)

EDINBURGH, October 7.

SCOTTISH TERRITORIES "NOWHERE SOUTH."

Not a two hours' journey from London there is a thriving town where at the present moment the weavers of the kilt, Balmoral, or Glenargy are more numerous than in any other part of the United Kingdom. And this invasion from beyond the Tweed includes some of the very cream of the Scottish Territorial. To the South-east in these parts Highlanders were full now almost unknown, and many who the presence of the kilt and the dead caps have created the liveliest interest. The Scots have quickly adapted themselves to the altered conditions of their lives, and have become immensely popular. Indeed the men from the Highlands and glens are already quite at home in this borough of shops and well-to-do villas. Among the infantry are the Gordons, the Seaforths, the Camerons, and the Argylls, and cavalry is represented by the Scottish Horse. The local regiment is highly training very seriously; it is fortunate in its officers, and the camaraderie in its ranks is quite exceptional. Of course many members of this Highland Brigade have Gaelic as their mother tongue, and the Scottish Churches provide a Gaelic evening chapel. Last Sunday the parish church was placed at the service of the Presbyterians, and Episcopal, Methodist, and Congregational congregations were present. It may be added that it is now generally believed that the night journey of this Highland host to the South was at the bottom of the "great Russian myth." Most of those who claimed to have seen the "Russians" described them as wearing flat blue caps or bonnets, and it will be remembered that the Scottish kilt was not near the Glenargy but the Balmoral; as for the "foreign tongue," it was merely the Highlanders expressing themselves in the language which, as we all know, was used by Adam and Eve in the Garden of Eden.

People are including in all sorts of speculations as to what has become of the Territorial battalions that have sailed from this country. Some of them, we now officially are doing garrison duty in the Mediterranean, and elsewhere, but there are some popular rumours, like the late London Scottish, which have marched away without leaving any address behind them. This does not prevent us from locating them with the greatest positiveness. Yesterday afternoon for instance, while walking along Princes Street, I met five men who had rows of the London Scottish, each of them knew who had received a postcard from a member of the corps, and each told me in the strictest secrecy that it came from a certain place, with the result that I have five different addresses in widely separated parts of the British Empire! Truly a marvellous corps.

UNIVERSITY AND THE WAR.

When all is known of the graduates and students throughout the country who have volunteered for the war, few Universities are likely to beat the record of that of Edinburgh. Not only has the University Training Corps made a remarkable rally, but students hitherto unattached to any corps have presented themselves in large numbers. The quality of the men who have thus volunteered for service is evidenced by the fact that amongst the number are a large proportion of those who earned distinction in their work. Of the engineering students "capped" but a few months ago a crowd have already enrolled for service, while others are preparing for attestation. The medicals form a large contingent, the young men having offered to do the most menial work under the R.C. Crest rather than be left behind. In fact so great is the enthusiasm of students and teachers that some classes will not be resumed, and it is estimated that others will be stopped at Christmas.

THE HISTORY OF MARKING.

Major-General Tweedie, late of the Indian Army, C.S.I., has left his estate of Lettick, in the parish of Dunrobin, Dumfriesshire, to the University of Edinburgh. Lettick, which is a fine old house, the farm which Thomas Carlyle bequeathed to Edinburgh University as the John Welsh classical and mathematical bursaries. The income from the lands of Lettick is to be applied to the support of one or more young scholars, who are to take a secular degree corresponding with that for the Semitic languages tripos at Cambridge, and being unmarried, wholly unconnected with a theological hall or faculty or a salary paying institution, society, or company, shall undertake to devote a term of not less than two years continuously to the collection and philosophical investigation, either in Asia or in Africa of all above-ground traces or vestiges laying latent in religious, language, physical characteristics, opinions, beliefs, customs, laws, and institutions generally, as well as in ancient writings and inscriptions the tendency of which is to throw light on the great problems of anthropology, comparative sociology, and the science of culture now involving in obscurity and uncertainty the natural history of mankind. The searcher for knowledge, instead of too much cutting himself off from eastern libraries and eastern scholars, sources, and communities, shall fix his headquarters for lengthened periods at such parts of old-world lore, tradition, and culture as Mosul (Nineveh), Elilak (Babylon), Shan (Damascus), Kaimwan, Samarkand, and Bukhara, and these following after his own fashion the example of the late Mr. Lane during the elaboration of his monumental Arabic English lexicon, pursue his labours within his own hired house or otherwise, and in less populated districts under canvas, shunning all European or Anglo-Indian hotels, and "querriers," all Embassies other than the University authorities are to guard against the funds being expended on such extraneous objects as archaeological excavations, libraries, or lectureships, and especially on dilettantism. Should the scheme fail, the estate is not to be applied to the purchase of books or paid to architects or builders, but expended for the promotion of funds mental and comprehensive research into the sources of life and death.

TUTE TEAMS AND THE WAR.

One of the Scottish cities whose trade will probably benefit substantially as the result of the war is Dundee. Says the "Times," the war has broken out, something like 18,000 tons of old iron have been sent to Germany in German lorries, and at all these vessels have been captured and held up at various ports on the north coast.

EARLY COLDS.

Deafening of the colds you take at this time of the year. They are particularly dangerous. A neglected cold may mean a winter long cold. It is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at once. The way by which Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is sold.

THE MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE BAZA R.

ALLOCATION OF THE PROCEEDS.

The net proceeds of the Ministering Children's League Bazaar held on Saturday, the 5th October, amount to \$4,052. They will be divided amongst the following charities for children and the Prince of Wales' Fund:

Prince of Wales' Fund	\$340
C.M.S. Victoria Home and Orphanage	380
Home for Blind Chinese Children	380
Diocesan Girls' School	400
Italiana Convent	400
French Convent	350
Foundling House	200
Duxter Mission	300
L.M.S. Training Home for Girls	200
Hongkong Club at Otterburn M.C.I.	189
Home (4210)	125
Coe in Netherlands Hospital	125

\$4,052

Lady May (President of the Ministering Children's League) wishes especially to thank Mr. Howard of the Alexandra Cafe for lending crockery and giving a great many cakes; Weismann, Ltd., for giving 100 cakes to be sold for the benefit of the Prince of Wales' Fund; the Dairy Farm for giving all milk, butter, and cream; Mr. Bonnar, of the Hongkong Hotel, for large quantities of sandwiches; Captain Milner Jones, A.S.C., for lending lamps and tables; Mr. Thornhill, Soldiers' Club, for lending crockery, etc.; Sea Hop for tamping in ground and putting up stage free; Noronha for printing all programmes, notices, posters and badges free; Messrs. Powell, Victoria Dispensary and the A.D.C. for lending properties for the theatricals; Electric Light Co. for lighting stage; Kelly and Walsh for supplying paper and string; Syn Co. for sweets; Hirdley and Co. for soap; The Commodore for kindly lending the boat; and the four sailors who did splendid work; The ticket collectors of the Peak Tramway for collecting money at the theatricals; The "Hongkong Daily Press" for advertising at reduced rates; Mr. Tickle and Mr. Vigott of the P.W.D. for valuable help rendered; Mr. Roylance of the Peak Tramway for taking duty money; The Hongkong Customs and Dog Scouts for keeping the round; The "China Mail," Ltd., for producing Mrs. Ivan Grant Smith's book, which was illustrated by Mrs. Weston (for the Prince of Wales' Fund), free of any charge, also for advertising the Bazaar; The "South China Morning Post" and "Hongkong Telegraph" for advertising free; and Colonel Watson for kindly lending the Band of the 74th Pomegranate.

Her thanks are also due to Mrs. Steadman, Mr. Sutherland and helpers who so successfully got up "Mrs. Jarley's Waxworks."

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Corps Orders by Lieut-Col. A. Chapman V.D.

DETAILS.

From the 9th instant there will be three parties ready instead of four. These drills will be carried out on Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays.

DETAILS.

On duty Sunday 8th instant Group 2. Officers on duty Capt. Armstrong, Capt. Churchill and 2 Lieut. Lindell. Orderly Officer 2 Lieut. Lindell. On duty Monday 9th instant Group 3. Officers on duty Capt. Stewart, Lieut. Wright and 2 Lieut. Murphy. Orderly Officer 2 Lieut. Murphy. To furnish Guard to night Left Section M. G. Co. to-morrow Civil Service Company. Monday 9th instant Scouts Company. Orderly Sergeant to-night Sergt. Bulluck to-morrow Corp. Hamilton, Monday 9th inst Sergt. Hall.

LEAVE.

Leave is granted to members of the Corps on duty at Volunteer Headquarters wishing to attend the performance at the City Hall to-night. Any men wishing to do so must report their intention to the N. C. O. of the Guard who will take place on the Range. Men must not leave the vicinity of the City Hall and must return to Camp at once on the conclusion of the performance.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER RESERVE.

Stonemasons Camp.

ORDERS BY MAJOR WAKEMAN, O.C.H.K.V.R.

Orderly Officer to-morrow and Monday, 2nd Lt. John Jones.

Orderly Sergeant to-morrow, Sergt. Henry. Monday, Sergt. Storie.

With reference to Launch Service for Field Day, published in yesterday's Order, the 7.45 a.m. launch will leave at 7.50 a.m. to accommodate men living at the Peak.

"Firing" will take place on the Range for men who have not completed the Standard Test, and for those who have failed to qualify.

All men who scored 35 or over in the Standard Test can take part in the Field Firing Practice.

are unable to get any of it. In all probability it will ultimately be brought to London and sold by the holders for Dundee and other places. The July forecast of the Indian jute harvest also indicated a bumper crop, so that a substantial drop in price is looked for, and this will have the effect of stimulating Indian jute. German spinners and manufacturers are now endeavouring to obtain jute through Holland, as British firms will not treat with them but, as very little jute is again in Holland, a careful scrutiny is being made of all inquiries from that country, and as the Germans have not been able to make a single purchase. Not for many years has the jute industry of Dundee had such bright prospects of expansion, and local spinners and manufacturers are looking forward with confidence to compensating some of the trade they have lost.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

SPLENDID WORK BY THE ALLIES IN BELGIUM.

GERMANS REINFORCING THEIR RESERVE CORPS.

ANOTHER BIG RUSSIAN VICTORY.

TIENTSIN OCCUPIED.

We received information from a reliable Japanese source at half-past three this afternoon that Tientsin has fallen and the Allies are in occupation of the fortress.

So far this news, which comes from Japan, has not been officially confirmed, but there is strong ground for believing in its veracity.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE SIEGE OF TIENTSIN.

Japanese And British Casualties.

Mr. S. Inai, Consul-General for Japan at Hongkong, kindly sends us the following communication which he received this morning from the Japanese Army Department:

Our ships, flying over the city of Tientsin, scattered a warning notice relative to the preservation of buildings.

Bombs were also dropped upon the enemy's principal defensive lines. The casualties from the beginning of the blockade till November 5 number:

Japanese killed 200; wounded 878.
British killed 2; wounded 8.

DESPERATE FIGHTING OVER A LARGE AREA.

LONDON, Nov. 6, 8.40 p.m.

A *communiqué* states that between the rivers Somme and Oise, and the Oise and Meuse, detailed actions have been fought. We consolidated our advance on Audenoy, and our artillery in the forest of Aigle destroyed a German column of wagons at long range. We have retaken Sapignol. There has been desperate fighting in the Argonne region, where the enemy was repulsed by bayonet charges. We also repulsed fresh attacks in the region of the Wesere, at Grand Couronné, Nancy, and in the forest of Paroy.

The *communiqué* emphasises the greatness of the victory in Galicia.

THE ENEMY REINFORCING THEIR RESERVE CORPS.

6.25 p.m.

A Paris *communiqué* states that no appreciable change has taken place over the whole front.

Fighting has continued on the same scale as before between Dixmude and the Lys without any marked advance or retreat.

There have been violent cannonades to the north of Arras and against the town, but without result for the enemy.

Germans in North France and Belgium seem to be about to make changes in the composition of their forces and to be reinforcing their Reserve Corps of new formations, which have been severely handled, with active troops, in order to attempt a new offensive, or at least to counteract in some measure for the singularly defeats which have been inflicted upon them.

ALLIES SPLENDID DEFENCE OF YPRES.

12.40 p.m.

The Press Bureau announces that in a despatch an Eye Witness at Headquarters today describes the momentous fighting around Ypres, which the Germans had set their hearts upon capturing by the 30th ult. It has been eminently a soldiers' battle and the British, without exaggeration, behaved splendidly. Sheer weight of metal and numbers might temporarily drive us back but the British would recover the ground by night in face of heavy odds, continuous and immense masses of reinforcements and the fire of an enormous concentration of guns. The British by their dogged resistance have upheld the reputation of the Army and we hold Ypres.

Our Allies, with that dash for which the French are famous, have done deeds which will never die.

The Belgians also have displayed the utmost gallantry.

THE STRUGGLE IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM.

LONDON, Nov. 5, 6.15 p.m.

A Paris *communiqué* says:—The Allies made slight progress east of Nieuport along the right bank of the Yser.

The enemy renewed their attacks from Dixmude to the Lys, at several points, but with less energy than formerly, their infantry attacks especially being less violent.

The French and British lines did not retreat at any point, and, assuming the offensive, made notable progress in several directions.

The front from La Bassée to the Somme was especially marked by an artillery battle in the region of Roye.

We retained occupation of Quessoy, and advanced appreciably towards Andreville.

Artillery has been active between the Oise and Meuse.

The German attacks at several points of the front were repulsed, in some cases after a day-long battle.

The position of the Right Wing is unchanged.

LONDON, Nov. 6.

A Paris *communiqué* issued at 11 o'clock in the evening says:—There is no fresh information regarding operations north of the River Lys. A violent German offensive movement north of Arras carried the trenches at Savy, which was re-captured.

All the German attacks in the St. Hubert region and in Argonne were repulsed.

There is nothing noteworthy elsewhere.

LONDON, Nov. 6, 5.05 a.m.

A Belgian *communiqué* says:—South of Louvain the enemy continued the attack with the greatest violence on the Allied front between Mellebeke and Messines.

All our positions were maintained.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TREMENDOUS DEFEAT OF THE AUSTRIANS BY RUSSIA.

LONDON, Nov. 6, 3.20 p.m.

A Petrograd Reuter telegram states that the Austrian defeat is exceedingly severe. The Russian forces recaptured Juraslov, taking 5,000 prisoners. The Austrians resisted desperately, but their persistent counter attacks, made both day and night, failed.

The Tsar and the Russian Staff attended a thanksgiving service at Headquarters on receipt of the news. The Austrians are retreating along the entire front.

RUSSIANS ADVANCING ON THE EAST PRUSSIAN FRONT.

LONDON, Nov. 6, 3.05 a.m.

A Petrograd official announcement states that the Russians continue to progress on the East Prussian front. The Germans are retreating along the whole front, only keeping a fortified position in the region of Wargholowo.

The Russian Army on the left bank of the Vistula continues a vigorous offensive, and are pursuing the retreating enemy.

The operations by the Russians of crossing the Saa continue successfully, the Austrians retreating.

FRANCE AT WAR WITH TURKEY.

LONDON, Nov. 6, 6.50 a.m.

A message from Bordeaux says that France has proclaimed that a state of war exists with Turkey consequent on the Turkish Fleet's attacks on a French merchantman and the non-dismissal of the German Military and Naval missions.

ANOTHER MISCHIEVOUS REPORT.

LONDON, Nov. 5, 6.15 p.m.

The Press Bureau declares that there is absolutely no truth in the report that H.M.S. *Nimrod* has been bombed at Jeddah. She has not been within five hundred miles of that town.

ANNEXATION OF CYPRUS.

LONDON, Nov. 5.

The London *Gazette* announces the annexation of Cyprus. [Cyprus is the third largest island in the Mediterranean. It is 60 miles from the Coast of Asia Minor and 41 from the coast of Syria. It has hitherto been administered by Great Britain under a convention concluded with the Sultan of Turkey at Constantinople in 1878. The following particulars of the island are given in the latest reference book: Its area is 3,584 square miles; population, 274,108 (including 144 military population); Mohammedans 56,428; Christians (Greek Church) 214,480; others, 2,200. Inhabitants per square mile, 76.48. Estimated population, December 31st, 1912, 282,388 exclusive of military.]

RUMOUR OF TURCO-BULGARIAN AGREEMENT DENIED.

LONDON, Nov. 6, 6.50 a.m.

A telegram from Paris states that M. Madjaroff, the Bulgarian Minister to Petrograd, interviewed by the *Temps*, denied the existence of an agreement between Turkey and Bulgaria, particularly regarding the passage of Ottoman troops through Thrace.

GREAT BRITAIN AND CONSCRIPTION.

"No Sacrifice Too Great To Ensure Victory."

LONDON, Nov. 5, 8.20 p.m.

Lord Selborne, in a recruiting speech at Chiswick, spoke of the possibility of having to adopt conscription, and said there was no sacrifice too great to ensure victory. None could foresee the political and social changes the war would involve. The part played by India must have a great effect on the future of India and her position in the Empire.

PERSIA'S APPEAL TO GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 5, 8.20 p.m.

Reuter learns that the Persian Government has assured the Powers of her strict neutrality.

An Imperial firm says the country looks to Great Britain to prevent Persia becoming a theatre of hostilities.

LOYALTY OF MALAY STATES.

LONDON, Nov. 5.

The Colonial Office announces that the Sultan of Perak desires to report to His Majesty his adherence to Great Britain. His Highness states there will be no trouble because of the state of war with Turkey. Also, after seeing the other Malay rulers, he will issue a Proclamation jointly with them.

WAR NEWS.

ENEMY SUBJECTS IN BENGAL.

Calcutta, 8th Oct.—A Bengal Government Press *communiqué* states:—Three hundred and fifty enemy subjects have been dealt with since the outbreak of war, as follows:—Banded over to the Military, 275; of whom 246 are interned at Abudabad, 9 are temporarily on parole, and 8, who exceeded the Reservist age, or are members of the Consular Service, left India for Venice on the Lordan on the 4th instant. Under Civil control there are 12, of whom 28 have been sent to Khatia, 16 persons, having families dependent on them or are over the age of 55, are under surveillance in Calcutta, and 27 are in the various districts of the Presidency, mainly Missionaries and Priests, under the control of the District Magistrates.

GREAT BRITAIN AND TURKEY.

A Government *weekly Extraordinary* published yesterday contains on behalf of His Majesty's Government the following further statement concerning relations with Turkey:—The grave situation which has arisen with Turkey involves no religious question and the Mohammedan Holy Places of Arabia as well as shrines in Mesopotamia will be immune from attack or molestation by the naval and military forces of Great Britain, France and Russia, nor will any hostile action be taken against the port of Jeddah, provided that the Government of Turkey does not interfere with the pilgrims, traffic from the Dominions and Protectorates of His Majesty the King.

The Aga Khan's Message.

The *Gazette Extraordinary* also contained the following message from His Highness Aga Khan to Mohammedan Holy Places of Arabia as well as shrines in Mesopotamia will be immune from attack or molestation by the naval and military forces of Great Britain, France and Russia, nor will any hostile action be taken against the port of Jeddah, provided that the Government of Turkey does not interfere with the pilgrims, traffic from the Dominions and Protectorates of His Majesty the King.

become the sovereign of Asia Minor and Mesopotamia, including Keblah Bojaf and Bagdad. If Germany succeeds, which Heaven forbid, Turkey will become only a vassal of Germany and the Kaiser's Resident will be the real ruler of Turkey and will control the holy cities. No Islamic interest was threatened in this and our religion was not in peril. Nor was Turkey in peril, for the British and Russian Empires, and the French Republic had offered to solemnly guarantee Turkey all her territories in complete independence if she had remained at peace. Turkey was the trustee of Islam and the whole world was content to let her hold her holy cities in keeping. Now that Turkey has so dishonourably shown herself a tool in German hands she has not only ruined herself but has lost her position as trustee of Islam and evil will overtake her. Turkey has been persuaded to draw the sword in an unholy cause from which she could be but ruined whatever else happened, and she will lose her position as a great nation, for such mighty Sovereigns as the King Emperor and the Tsar can never be defeated. Those lands of Moslems are fighting for their Sovereign already, and all must see that Turkey has not gone to war for the cause of Islam or for the defence of her independence. Thus our only duty as Moslems now is to remain loyal, faithful, and obedient to our temporal and secular allegiances.

GERMAN OFFICIAL REASON FOR BRITISH PROGRESS.

LONDON, Friday, October 2.

A Reuter despatch to the Daily Telegraph says:—"The Germans in Rotterdam are agitated at the tone of the Go man newspapers which arrived to-day (Thursday). Only one morning can be attached to what they consider they are preparing, the German people for defeat and the ruin of their hopes."

Official messages ask that judgment be suspended if news should arrive that German troops have been compelled to abandon certain positions.

NAVAL WORK IN THE FAR EAST.

It is now possible to fill in several gaps in the story of naval work in the Far East since the outbreak of war. One important point may be noticed, namely, that the order for the China Squadron to concentrate at Hongkong—which has been much criticised in view of the subsequent escape from Tientsin of the *Enden*—came from Home. This should be noted in fairness to all those in authority.

The Squadron reached Hongkong on August 4, took on all coal, stores ammunition and provisions in twenty-four hours, and was away again by the 6th. The *Triumph* was actually in dock repairing and it is said that the Germans believed she could not be ready for three months to take the sea. Actually she put out at once with the others, and has proved herself all that she should be.

Under the Admiral's orders part of the Squadron went off to Yap to capture coilers, destroy the German cable station etc. (this is already known) while the rest went north to cut the Yangtze trade. The closest secrecy was observed and the fact that Yangtze trade was freed by August 12 shows how well Admiral Jernam's plan succeeded.

On August 17 some ships were ordered to Tientsin, where they arrived on August 20, and inside twenty-four hours were so fortunate as to make five good prizes, one of which was particularly valuable, as she was filled with coal, cattle and mails for the Schanhai, Gneisenau, Leipzig and Nürnberg.

Subsequently, as again generally known, H.M. S.S. *Triumph* and *Cak* escorted the British troops from Tientsin to co-operate with the Japanese troops against Tientsin, and returned to join in the blockading and bombardment of the port. This is a necessary measure, but not one from which along much can be expected as modern naval fortresses are far too well armed for an assault from the sea alone to prove successful.

As regards the loss of the Japanese cruiser, *Takachino*, the German destroyer *S. 90* got out on a dark night and fired two torpedoes into her, with, however, apparently fatal results to herself, for the explosion on the *Takachino* was very severe and the *S. 90* was close to the Japanese ship. It seems probable that the destroyer was so badly injured that she subsequently had to run ashore, in order to save herself from sinking. The *S. 90* had been doing good work and is a great loss to the Germans.—S. G. Daily News.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

DEATH OF THE DUKE OF BUCCHLEUCH.

LONDON, Nov. 5.

The death is announced of the Duke of Buccleuch.

[The Duke of Buccleuch was born in London in 1831 and succeeded his father in 1884. He married in 1850 Lady Louisa Jane Hamilton, third daughter of the 1st Duke of Abercorn, and there were five sons and two daughters of the marriage. The late Duke owned about 430,000 acres. The heir to the title is the Earl of Dalkeith.]

THE VICTORIA THEATRE.

Mr. J. Blake, the manager, of the Victoria Theatre presented a splendid programme last evening at the third of a series of monthly performances in aid of the War Fund. There was an abundance of local talent and a large audience repeatedly demanded encores. So long was the programme that it extended well beyond midnight. Mr. Gaussey's fine tenor voice was heard to particular advantage in "The Last Watch," "The Sailor's Grave" and "My Dream," as an encore. Mr. Harry Ralph received great applause for his bright and breezy monologues and by special request sung his Indian Club giving a performance that newly brought down the house. Pedlar Palmer provided a strong comic element in "Fluttering in the Breeze" which was handsomely received. Mr. Taylor was greeted with applause for his "Egypt" Mr. Haycock, as "country bumpkin" was a great success. Miss Hilda Barry sang "Little Grey Home"; and by special request, Bomb McArde sang "The Hilarious King of China." Mr. Danenberg accompanied Mr. Gaussey, Miss Barry played for Mr. Haycock, and Mr. Moore provided the remainder of the accompaniment except that Miss Barry sang to music by the 25th Punjab Band. Sunda Singh gave a highly appreciated selection on the clarinet. "Les Alchimistes" which was loudly cheered. The Punjab Band also provided a programme of varied selections.

"BLUE BIRD."

The Gala Performance takes place to-night at 8.15 p.m. sharp and it is hoped that everyone will be seated by that time.

The Auctioneers' tickets will be lowered immediately after the singing of the National Anthem, and if there are any late comers they will mar the effect of the effect of the opening scene.

The intervals will be of short duration owing to the length of the play and, in order to obviate the necessity of leaving the theatre, arrangements have been made whereby refreshments will be served in a separate room by Messrs. Weissmann Ltd., and Messrs. Donnelly and Whyte, proprietors of the Victoria Theatre.

The play will terminate soon after twelve and special Fêtes and Trams will run 15 minutes after the performance.

The second performance, takes place on Tuesday, the 10th November, and there will be a third on Saturday the 14th. It has been decided to leave up the Gala Performance decorations as far as possible for both these nights.

For the convenience of Peak residents, a special tram will run at 8.40 p.m. so as to prevent undue delay in getting down by 9.15 p.m.

VICTORIA THEATRE

To-night! To-night!!

Saturday, 7th November

AND

For 3 Nights Only

The Great Comedy

THE - SCHOOL GIRL

In 2 parts.

AND THE

POWERFUL DRAMA

THE LOVE THAT DEGRADES.

LOOK OUT FOR TUESDAY 10th

WAR PICTURE

LOOK OUT FRIDAY 13th

BOYS OF THE BULLDOG BREED.

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COLD SEASONS STOCKS
NEWLY ARRIVED BLANKETS.

Guaranteed all wool, whiney make direct from the manufacturer. The best blankets, at the lowest prices for cash. We have a special size for small single or camp beds.

Price \$8.75 a pair.

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Our CELEBRATED Travelling Rug at \$3.50 is more popular than ever size 60 x 72. Weight 3 1/2 lbs. Good plaid designs with fringed ends. PRICE ONLY \$3.50.

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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL
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Will dispatch YOKOHO to the Undermentioned PORTS on or about the
DAYS named—

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
SHANGHAI	Daylight	11th Nov.	Freight and Passage.
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE & YOKOHO	About	18th Nov.	Freight and Passage.
LONDON, via SUEZ, PORT SAID & GENOA	Noon	20th Nov.	See Special of Call.
LONDON, via SUEZ, PORT SAID & GENOA	About	25th Nov.	Freight and Passage.

Subject to immediate alteration without Notice.
All the above steamers are fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.
NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.
SHIPPERS are informed that the P. & O. Company's Vessels are insured under the British Government National Insurance Scheme and they can effect War Risk Insurance on individual shipments with The National Insurance Committee, London, through their representatives there.
The production of a Marine Risk Policy is not immediately necessary.
P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office. E. A. HEWITT, Superintendant.

CANADIAN PACIFIC ROYAL MAIL
STEAMSHIP LINE.

VIA VANCOUVER AND
THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG, SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

SAILINGS TEMPORARILY WITHDRAWN.

The "EMPEROR OF RUSSIA" and "EMPEROR OF ASIA" are now quadruple screw 21 knot turbine steamers of 18850 tons gross—30,125 tons displacement—the finest, fastest and most luxurious on the Pacific.
All steamers of the Company's Pacific and Atlantic Fleets are equipped with the latest wireless apparatus.
Each Trans-Pacific "Empress" connects at Vancouver with a Mail Express Train and at Quebec with the Company's Atlantic Mail Steamers.
The Company's chain of Hotels across Canada are unsurpassed for comfort.

PASSAGE RATES, HONGKONG TO LONDON

EMPEROR OF RUSSIA } Optional Atlantic Port \$71.10.
EMPEROR OF ASIA }
EMPEROR OF INDIA } do do \$85.
EMPEROR OF JAPAN }

MONTEAGLE—Intermediate service—First class railway, second cabin Atlantic, via Canadian Atlantic Port—\$43.
Atlantic, via Boston or New York—\$46.
Meals and sleeping car across Canada not included in any of above rates. If required such will cost \$8 additional.

Passengers purchasing Trans-Pacific Round Trip passage tickets have the option of returning from San Francisco by the steamers of the Pacific Mail S.S. Co. or Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Local and through passengers may, if desired, travel by rail between ports of call in Japan.
SPECIAL THROUGH RATES (First Class only) are granted to Naval and Military Officers, European Civil Service Officials, Missionaries, &c. Full particulars on application to Agents.
Through Passengers are allowed "Stop Over" privileges at the various points of interest on route.

For further information, Maps, Guide Books, Rates of Passage and Freight, apply to
D. W. CRADDOCK, General Traffic Agent,
Corner Pedder Street and Praya (opposite Blake Pier).

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

FROM HONGKONG:	FROM COLOMBO:
25th November. Connecting with "GUJALAT"	17th December.

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION FOR 1st and 2nd CLASS PASSENGERS.

For Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED.
MANAGING AGENTS.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

TAKING Cargo on through Bills of Lading to SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS with transshipment at CALCUTTA, in conjunction with the

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
AND AFRICAN LINE.

Proposed Sailings from Hongkong

Steamer from Hongkong.	On or about	Connecting at Calcutta with	on or about

For Freight and further particulars apply to
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

HONGKONG—NEW YORK

REGULAR SAILINGS via PORTS and SUEZ CANAL.
(With liberty to call at the Malabar Coast.)

FOR NEW YORK via PANAMA CANAL.

For Freight & further particulars, apply to

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

THE NANYO YUSEN KUMI

(SOUTH SEA MAIL S.S. CO.)

Regular Service of Steamers between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore, Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

Sails on or about

15. JOGUN MARU, For Moji & Kobe 8th Nov.

15. HOKURIKU MARU, For S'pore, Batavia, Oton, Samarang & Sourabaya 22nd Nov.

15. ANHEI MARU, For Moji & Kobe 21st Dec.

15. RIOTUN MARU, For S'pore, Batavia, Oton, Samarang & Sourabaya 22nd Dec.

Freight of Passage apply to
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

SHIPPING

PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

OPERATING
MODERN HIGH POWERED TWIN SCREW EXPRESS STEAMERS.
MONGOLIA 27000 tons MANCHURIA 27000 tons
KOREA 18000 tons SIBERIA 18000 tons
CHINA 10200 tons NILE 10000 tons
PERSIA 8000 tons

Between Hong Kong, Manila, Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Honolulu and San Francisco

"THE SUNSHINE BELT"—The Most Comfortable Route to America and Europe

S.S.	SAILING	TUESDAY	1st Dec.	1 p.m.
S.S. MONGOLIA				
S.S. KOREA				
S.S. SIBERIA				
S.S. CHINA				

These steamers are famous for their modern equipment, comfort, and the superiority of the cuisine, which is under the personal supervision of Mrs. V. Morton, the world-famous caterer. Large staterooms, equipped with electric fans, and running water. Berths equipped with electric reading lamps. Numerous amusements—salt water swimming tank, Filipino orchestra, deck games, etc.—not a dull moment throughout the trip.
The Safety and Comfort of Passage is Our First Consideration.
For further information, rates, literature, schedules, etc., apply to
R. C. MORTON, Agent,
King's Building (opposite Blake Pier), Telephone No. 241.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

via SHANGHAI, MANILA, the INLAND SEA
JAPAN and HONOLULU.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamer	Displacement	Tons & Speed	From	Date
TENYO MARU	22,000-21 knots		From Nagasaki	14 Nov.
NIPPON MARU	11,000-18 knots		From Kobe	1st Dec.
SHINYO MARU	22,000-21 knots		From Hongkong	8 Dec.
TOHIYO MARU	22,000-21 knots		From Hongkong	5 Jan.

Steamers via Shanghai will be despatched at NOON.

First Class to London - \$71.10. Return (6 months) \$120.

First Class to New York - \$80. - \$298.10.

San Francisco - \$45. - \$288.

Passengers purchasing Trans-Pacific Return tickets have the option of returning from SAN FRANCISCO by steamers of the Pacific Mail S.S. Co. or from VANCOUVER by steamers of the Canadian Pacific Railway Co.

SPECIAL RATES given to NAVAL and MILITARY, CIVIL SERVANTS, MISSIONARIES, etc.

ROUND THE WORLD tickets issued in connection with all the principal Mail Lines and the Trans-Siberian Railway.

Passengers may travel by Railway between Ports of Call in Japan free of charge.

SOUTH AMERICA LINE.

via Japan Ports, Honolulu, Hilo, Manzanillo Salina Cruz, Callao, Iquique and Valparaiso.

Thence by Trans Andean Route to Buenos Aires.

Steamer	Displacement	Tons & Speed	Sailing
ANYO MARU	18,500-15 knots		Wednesday, 2nd December.

For full particulars as to Passage and Freight apply to

S. MORIMOTO, Agent.

Telephone 231. KING'S BUILDING (Opposite Blake Pier).

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP CO.

PROPOSED SAILING HONGKONG TO
SAN FRANCISCO

and
SAN PEDRO (Los Angeles).

Steamship	Captain	Sailing
HAZEL DOLLAR	H. HOLLEY	On or about November 10th.

For Freight Rules and space apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR CO.,

3 Queen's Building.

V. M. SMITH, MANAGER.

Phone 792. 1084

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN

STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

MAIL SERVICE

TO AUSTRALIA, via MANILA.

MAIL SCHEDULE

(SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION)

STEAMERS	ARRIVE HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA	LEAVE HONGKONG FOR AUSTRALIA
ALDENHAM	November 28th	November 14th at 11 a.m.
ST. ALBANS	December 12th	December 18th at 11 a.m.
EASTERN		January 8th at 11 a.m.

THE above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity. All State Rooms have Electric Fans. A daily qualified Doctor and Stewards are carried.

For further particulars, apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO.

Agents.

SHIPPING

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI	CHEWAN	Nov. 9, at 4 p.m.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	CHINCHUA	Nov. 10, at 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	ANHEI	Nov. 10, at 4 p.m.
HOIHOW & HAIPHONG	KALONG	Nov. 11, at 11 a.m.
SHANGHAI	YINCHOW	Nov. 12, at 4 p.m.
MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO	TAMING	Nov. 17, at 4 p.m.
WEIHAIWEI & TIENTSIN	HUTCHOW	Nov. 19, at Noon.

DIRECT SAILINGS TO WEST RIVER—Twice Weekly.

S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUL."

MANILA LINE. Twin Screw Steamers "Chibua," "Taming," & "Tan." Excellent Saloon accommodation amidships. Electric Fans fitted. Extra state-rooms on deck, aft, "Taming" and "Tan."

SHANGHAI LINE. The Twin Screw Steamers "Anhui," "Chenan," "Shanghai" and the S.S. "Liangchow," "Linchow," and "Yingchow," having excellent accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloons, maintain a fast schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday, taking cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

These Steamers land passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of transshipment at Woosung.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

AGENTS.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
TIENTSIN via SHANGHAI & WEIHAIWEI	CHEONGSHING	TUESDAY, Nov. 10, Daylight.
SANDAKAN	CHUNSHANG	THURSDAY, Nov. 12, at Noon.
SINGAPORE, PENANG & PAUSANG	CHUNSHANG	THURSDAY, Nov. 12, at 3 p.m.
CAIRO	CHUNSHANG	THURSDAY, Nov. 12, at 3 p.m.
MANILA	YUENSANG	SATURDAY, Nov. 14, at 3 p.m.

RETURN TOURS TO JAPAN.

These steamers Kulsong, Yamsong & Fooksong leave about every 3 weeks for Shanghai and Japan returning via Kobe (Inland Sea) and Moji to Hongkong. Time occupied 30 days. This service is supplemented by the Yatsung, Kumsong, and Gulsong leaving Hongkong at regular intervals for Yokohama, Kobe & Moji and returning thence direct to Hongkong. Time occupied 16 days.

These vessels have all modern improvements and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

A duly qualified Surgeon is also carried.

Steamers have superior accommodation for First-Class Passengers and are fitted throughout with Electric Light.

Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Yangtze Ports, Chefoo, Tientsin, Dairen, Weihaiwei & Tsingtau.

Taking Cargo on Through Bills of Lading to Rangoon, Lahad Dato, Singapore, Tawau, Uman, Jesselton and Labuan.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.

General Managers.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

NEW SERVICE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN

YOKOHAMA, KOBE, HONGKONG & RANGOON.

Steamers are despatched EASTWARD and WESTWARD at regular intervals taking Passengers and Cargo at Current Rates.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.

Agents.

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG

(SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE)

'SHIRE' LINE SERVICE—HOMeward.

For	Steamers	Date of Departure
LONDON & HULL	'MERIONETHSHIRE'	24th December.

TRANS-PACIFIC 'SHIRE' AND 'GLEN' JOINT SERVICE.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, TACOMA & PORTLAND, via HONOLULU

.....'GLENROY'..... 24th November.

For freight and further particulars, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS.

Telephone No. 215 Sub Ex. No. 9.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

A PCAR LINE.

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN

CALCUTTA, STRAITS, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI AND JAPAN PORTS.

Steamers are despatched EASTWARD and WESTWARD at regular intervals taking Passengers and Cargo at Current Rates.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DAVID SARGENT & CO., LTD.

AGENTS.

SHIPPING



STEAM FOR

STRAITS, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA, COLOMBO, EGYPT, MADRAG, RANEA PORTS, PLYMOUTH AND LONDON.

Through Bills of Lading issued for BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL, AMERICAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Company's Mail Steamer carrying His Majesty's Mail will be despatched from this port for BOMBAY, on FRIDAY, the 20th November, at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the above ports in connection with the Company's Mail Steamer from Colombo. Passengers accommodation in which vessel is secured before departure from Hongkong.

Ships and Valuable, and Tea and Cargo for Italy, France, and London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into the mail steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London. Other Cargo for London etc. will be conveyed via Bombay and transhipped to the Company's Mail Steamer due in London on 1st January, 1915.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 4 p.m. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages is required.

For further particulars, apply to

E. A. HEWITT, Superintendant.

Hongkong, Nov. 6, 1914.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE ENTERED THE SHIPMENTS OF THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., and THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1913, £23,925,185.

1—Authorized Capital £20,000,000

Subscribed Capital £24,500,000

Paid-up Capital £2,437,186

II—Fire Fund—£3,899,114

III—Life & Annuity Funds—£6,138,119

Sinking Fund Account—£8,511,222

Revenue Fire Branch—£2,567,153

Life and Annuity—£1,973,259

Revenue Marine Department—£282,692

Other Receipts—£23,925,185

The Accumulative Funds of the various branches are separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the respective Departments of the Company's Business.

SHAW, TOMES & CO. Agents.

PATELL & CO.

Exporters & Importers

General Merchants

and

Commission Agents.

HONGKONG, CANTON, SHANGHAI AND HANKOW.

AGENTS.

LONDON—W. A. L. & Co., 11 & 13 Clement's Lane, Lombard Street E.C. 3. T. B. Brown & Co., Ltd., 183 Queen's Road, Victoria.

ST. ALBANS, SON & FLEMING, 25 Gracechurch St., E.C. 3. S. S. & Co., Ltd., 20 Cornhill, London E.C. 4.

BRIDGES, 20, ROYAL WARRIOR, 150 Feet Street, O. M. & Co., 2, St. John's Hill, Edinburgh, W. D. J. K. & Co., 2, Whitehall St., E.C. 4.

M. & Co., 2, Whitehall St., E.C. 4. M. & Co., 2, Whitehall St., E.C. 4.

11, 12 New Bridge St., E.C. 4.

SCOTLAND—F. D. L. & Co., 2 North St. David Street, Edinburgh.

PARIS AND EUROPE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., 18 Rue de la Grange, Calcutta, Paris.

NEW YORK—T. B. BROWN, Ltd., 201 Broadway, New York City.

